SUDITI GLOBAL ACADEMY, MAINPURI

PERIODIC TEST September 2021

Sub-English core

Class 11th

Time :90 minutes. Marks: 40.

General instructions:

- 1. The question paper contains three sections.
- 2. Section A- Reading has 17 questions. Attempt a total of 13 questions, as per specific instructions for each question.
- 3. Section B- WRITING SKILLS AND GRAMMAR, has 14 questions, attempt a total of 12 questions, as per instructions for each question.
- 4. Section C- LITERATURE has 19 questions, attempt a total of 15 questions, as per the specific instructions for each question.
- 5. All questions carry equal marks.
- 6. There is no negative marking.

Section A: Reading

Read the passage given below.

In the 16th century, an age of great marine and terrestrial exploration, Ferdinand Magellan led the first expedition to sail around the world. As a young Portuguese noble, he served the king of Portugal, but he became involved in the quagmire of political intrigue at court and lost the king's favor. After he was dismissed from service by the king of Portugal, he offered to serve the future Emperor Charles V of Spain.

A papal decree of 1493 had assigned all land in the New World west of 50 degrees W longitude to Spain and all the land east of that line to Portugal. Magellan offered to prove that the East Indies fell under Spanish authority. On September 20, 1519, Magellan set sail from Spain with five ships. More than a year later, one of these ships was exploring the topography of South America in search of a water route across the continent. This ship sank, but the remaining four ships searched along the southern peninsula of South America. Finally they found the passage they sought near 50 degrees S latitude. Magellan named this passage the Strait of All Saints, but today it is known as the Strait of Magellan.

One ship deserted while in this passage and returned to Spain, so fewer sailors were privileged to gaze at that first panorama of the Pacific Ocean. Those who remained crossed the meridian now known as

the International Date Line in the early spring of 1521 after 98 days on the Pacific Ocean. During those long days at sea, many of Magellan's men died of starvation and disease.

Later, Magellan became involved in an insular conflict in the Philippines and was killed in a tribal battle. Only one ship and 17 sailors under the command of the Basque navigator Elcano survived to complete the westward journey to Spain and thus prove once and for all that the world is round, with no precipice at the edge.

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer any eight out of the ten questions by choosing the correct option.

1. The 16th century was an age of great exploration.
a.cosmic. b.marine c.terestrial . d.both b and c
2. Magellan lost the favor of the king of Portugal when he became involved in a political
a intrigue b.discussion c.disturbance. d.None of the above
3. The Pope divided New World lands between Spain and Portugal according to their location on one side or the other of an imaginary geographical line 50 degrees west of Greenwich that extends in a direction.
a.north and south. b.crosswise c.easterly. d.south east. north and west
4. One of Magellan's ships explored the of South America for a passage across the continent
a.coastline. b.Southern peninsula c.city. d.None of the above
5. Four of the ships sought a passage along a southern
a.coast. b.inland c.body of land with water on three sides border d.Answer not available
6. The passage was found near 50 degrees S of
a. Greenwich. b. The equator c. Spain. d. Portugal Madrid
7. In the spring of 1521, the ships crossed the now called the International Date Line.
imaginary circle passing through the poles
a. imaginary line parallel to the equator. b. area c. land mass. d.Answer not available
8. Magellan belongs to
a. England. b. Germany c. Portugal d. India

.At the international date line in 1521, Magellan's men died of..........

a. Shark attack. b. Ship collapse c. Starvation and disease. d. Battle

Or

On September, 20, 1519 Magellan set sail from Spain. With

- a. Fifteen aeroplanes. b. Ten trucks c. Five ships. d.None of the above
- II. Readthefollowingpassagecarefullyandanswerthequestionsthatfollow.
- 1. The great wall of china is said to be a structure built by man on earth which would be visible to observe on the moon. It covers a distance of 15000 miles. From the liatung peninsula westward to the last fortress in central Asia, it crosses the northern provinces of china.
- 2. In the eastern section , it's height varies from 15 to 30 feet , and it's width from about 25 feet at the bottom to 15 feet at the top , where there is a pathway wide enough for six horse-men to ride side by side protected by parapets. When the wall was first built it had about 25000, towers each 40 geeta square and 40 geeta high projecting from it every few hundred yards , with holes from which the defenders could shoot at attackers. There are also many watchtowers on the enemy side, outside the wall on hilltop or passes. These and the towers of the wall were used for signalling with smoke or flags by day and fire by night.
- 3. The great Emperor Shin Huang Ti joined three earlier Fortier walls to form the great wall to act as boundary between china and the north, and keep out the feared nomads of Mongolian Steppes. The wall was designed to strengthen the nation's defence. Later it became in meng times, a substitute for a strong army and state.
- 4. Construction was started in about 221B.C and the most of the structure was practically complete when Shin Huang Ti died in 210B.C. The man who did most in carrying out the emperor's plan was General Meng Tien, who in 221B.C.led an expedition against the tartars and drove them back from the yellow river into steppes, and set his men to work on building the wall. They were later joined by thousands of convicts. Years in out in icy winds and snowstorms in winter, and duststorms in summer , the work went on , and so many men died that the wall was sometimes called the longest cemetery in the world. The core of the wall is earth and stone, faced with brick, and set in a stone foundation. In hilly places, the design, the design was altered: two parallel ditches were dug out of the rock,25 feet apart and great block of stones were laid in the trenches to a height of several feet. Along each side of these stones , baked bricked about two feet long were laid at right Angles to the face of wall , joined together with a white mortar so hard that no nail could be driven into it.
- 5. Emperor Wu Ti(140-86 B.C.) resumed work on the wall and extended it to its greatest length. The emperor's of the Ming Dynasty (A.D. 1386-1644) Carried out more work on the wall repairing it's whole length and establishing new walls west of Yellow river. The wall which now exists nearly all dates, from the Ming Dynasty, but many of the foundations are nearly 2000, years old.

Q9. On the basis of your understanding of the passage , answer the questions by choosing the right option.			
Q9. The great wall of china was constructed by:			
(a) Hua Kua fung. (b) Emperor Shin Huang Ti (c) Hochi Minth. (d) Lee			
Q10.The great wall of china was constructed to stop the invasion of:			
(a) Nomads of north. (b) Nomads of Mongolia (c) Indian and Afghanis. (d) None			
Q11. Towers of the wall were used for signalling with smoke or flags by:			
(a) Day. (b) night (C) Early morning. (d) None			
Q12. The person who contributed most to construct the Great wall of china was:			
(a) Shin Huang Ti. (b) General Meng Tien (c) W u ti. (d) All			
Q13. The yellow river flows through:			
(a) Vietnam. (b) China. (c) Russia. (d) None			
Section. B. Writing Skills and grammar :			
Q14.A notice can only be about a/an:			
(a) meeting. (b) event (c) excursion. (d) All of these.			
Q15.A written or printed news announcement or information is called as:			
(a) Notice. (b) Advertisement (c) invitation. (d) Letter.			
Q16.Which of these points need not be mentioned in a notice?			
(a) Name (b) Address (c) Age. (c) Date			
Q17.When you are writing a formal letter, what information might you need?			
(a) Dates. (b) Names (c) contact details. (d) All of these			
Q18. The writer's address is placed at			
(a) Top left corner (b) Top right corner (c) in the subject (d) none			
Q19.Which of the following is a written work to be spoken only individually on the stage .			
(a) speech. (b) Article (b) Composition. (d) Story.			

(a) Newspaper. (b) School (c) College. (d) Club				
Q21 In which part of a formal letter the key point of the letter is written?				
(a) PostScript. (b) Body (c) Opening. (d) Closing				
Q22. The box of Cadbury's chocolatesopened.				
(a) Are. (b) The (c) Has. (d) Have				
Q23. Sanjay isintelligent boy.				
(a) a. (b) an (c) The (d) are				
Q24.Rahul was a good boy he , All competitions in the school.				
(a) Win. (b) Wins. (c) Won. (d) winning.				
Q25. Mr. John , along with his familyto the temple.				
(a) Go. (b) Have gone (c) Goes. (d) None of the above.				
Or				
Mr. James isclever agent.				
(a) An. (b) the (c) a. (d) all the above.				
Section C: Literature				
Q26.(Q. Nos. 26-28) Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:				
"Yes, she was beautiful. She was like the winter landsacpe in the mountains, an expanse of pure white serenity breathing peace and contentment."				
Q26. Whom the AUTHOR is talking about in the above mentioned para?				
(a) His wife. (b) His mother (c) His sister. (d) His grandmother.				
Q27. who is the author of the above mentioned para?				
(a) khushwant sing (b) Marga Minco (c) Alan east. (d) None of the above				
Q28. Author's grandmother was a Lady.				
(a) strong hearted. (b) Religious (c) Both a and b. (d) Nine of the above				
O29. Who discovered the sea rout from Plymouth of England to duplicate round the world?				

Q20.letter to the Editor are written to:

(a) Gordon cook. (b) Alan East. (c) captain james cook. (d) All the above.				
Q30, A Blacksmith ,fell in love with a painter's daughter and impressed her father with his artistic skills.				
(a) Wu Daozi. (b) Quinten Metsys (c) Both a and b. (d) None				
(Q.nos. 31-33): Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:				
Some twenty- thirty- years later				
She'd laugh at the snapshot."See Betty				
And Dolly ," She 'd say , "and look how they				
Dressed us for the beach ."				
Q31. Who is the poet/poetess of the above mentioned lines?				
(a) Shirley Toulson. (b) Ted Hughes (c) Robert frost. (d) None				
Q32. Who were Betty and Dolly in the above mentioned lines?				
(a) Aunts of poet's mother. (b) Friends of poet's mother (c)Classmates of poet's mother. (d) Cousins of poet's mother				
Q33. What is the name of the above given poem?				
(a) The Laburnum Top. (b) A potograph (c) The voice of the rain. (d) None				
Q34. What was the name of author's cousin who considered crazy by all the family members in the chapter'The summer of the Beautiful white Horse'.				
(a) Zorab. (b) Uncle Khosrow (c) john Byro. (d) Mourad				
Q35.who discovered the Tomb of king tut?				
(a) Ray Johnson. (b) Smenkhakre (c) Howard carter. (d) None				
Q36(Q.nos 36-38) Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:				
"Recently , a troupe in Bangalore staged the play Shakuntala. There is no question of Dushyantha falling in love with shakuntala if she were young, like the present day brides."				
Q36. Who said the above mentioned lines?				
(a) Ranga. (b) Ratna (c) Shyama. (d) Rama Rao				
Q37. Who is the author of the chapter 'RANGA'S MARRIAGE?				

(a) Khushwant singl	Khushwant singh. (b) Masti venkatesh Iyengar (c) Marga minco.		(d) None
Q38. Who wrote th	e play Shakuntala?		
(a) Kalidasa. (b) S	Shyama (c) Dushyantha. (d) Ranga		
Q39.what was the h	house no.in the chapter 'The Addres	ss'?	
(a) 10. (b) 45 (c)	46. (d) 50		
Q40.which bird has	been described in the poem 'The L	aburnum Top'?	
(a) The crow.	(b) The Peacock (c) partridges.	(d) The Goldfinch.	
SYLLABUS FOR UPC	OMING EXAMS		
SUBJECT- ENGLISH			
CLASS - 11TH			
BY RINKU YADAV			
(A) Reading Compre	ehension, 2 passages of 13 mcqs.		
(B) Creative writing	skills- Notice,Letter, speech		
Grammar De	eterminers and tenses		
(C) LITERATURE			
Hornbill-			
The portrait of a La	dy.		
A photograph(Poen	n)		
We're Not Afraid to) Die		
Discovering Tut'			
The Laburnum Top((Poem)		
Landscape of the So	oul		
Snapshots:			
The Summer of the	beautiful white Horse.		

The Address

RANGA'S MARRIAGE